HUBBARD COMMUNICATIONS OFFICE Saint Hill Manor, East Grinstead, Sussex

HCO POLICY LETTER OF 4 APRIL 1972R

Issue III

REVISED 21 JUNE 1975 (Revision in this type style)

Re-mimeo Student Hat Staff Hats

IMPORTANT

ETHICS AND STUDY TECH

(Cancels the issue revised 7 April 72.)

The basic why of the majority of cases of post nonperformance of a staff member and out tech in an org stems from misunderstood words.

The primary point that has to be gotten in is study tech.

This is also our bridge to society.

Yet study tech is the tech that includes misunderstood word tech.

Thus if study tech is not in, people on staffs see nothing wrong with hearing or reading orders containing words they do not understand and have no urge to look them up. Further they often feel they do know words that they in fact do not know.

When this situation exists it is next to impossible to get study tech and Word Clearing tech in. For, the orders seeking to get in study tech may contain words the person does not understand. Thus he doesn't really comply with the orders and study tech does not get in. Thus the ability to hear or read and understand continues to be missing.

Therefore these ethics actions become part of standard ethics.

1. A person may be summoned to a court of ethics or executive court of ethics if it be found that he has gone past a word he does not understand when receiving, hearing or reading an order, HCOB, policy letter or tape, any and all LRH written or printed materials including books, PABS, dispatches, telexes and mimeo issues which resulted in a failure to do duties of his post without his at once making an effective effort to clear the words on himself, whether he knew he was missing them or not as the source of his inaction or damaging actions.

The charge is neglecting to clarify words not understood.

2. A staff member who does not use study tech or get it known while studying or instructing may be summoned to a court of ethics or an executive court of ethics.

The charge is failure to employ study tech.

3. A student alter-ising or misadvising others on the use of study tech may be summoned before a court of ethics.

The charge is advocating a misuse or neglect of proper study tech.

4. An auditor failing to clear each and every word of every command or list used may be summoned before a court of ethics.

The charge is out tech.

5. Any public division person, staff member or Scientologist found using terms, circircumstances or data on raw public in public lectures or promotion or in PR beyond the public ability to grasp without stressing study tech or at once taking effective measures to clarify or releasing materials broadly to a wrong public may be summoned to a court of ethics if any flap or upset results.

The charge is failure to apply study tech in dissemination.

SUPPRESSIVE

Furthermore, as study tech is our primary bridge to society and the basic prevention of out tech and out admin, if any offense as above found guilty in a Court of Ethics is repeated and the person has had two such Courts on this offense the person may be summoned before a Committee of Evidence on a charge of committing an act or omission undertaken to knowingly suppress, reduce or impede Scientology or Scientologists and if found guilty beyond reasonable doubt may be declared a Suppressive Person and expelled with full penalties.

AXIOM 28

Failures to teach, or use study tech or alterations of study tech are actually offenses against AXIOM 28 as it is applied internally in an org on admin and tech and from the org to society.

Study tech including its technology of Word Clearing is in fact the technology of Axiom 28.

The Axiom (amended) follows:

Axiom 28. Communication is the consideration and action of impelling an im-pulse or particle from source-point across a distance to receipt-point, with the intention of bringing into being at the receipt-point a duplication and understanding of that which emanated from the source-point.

The formula of Communication is: Cause, Distance, Effect with Intention, Attention and Duplication with understanding.

The component parts of Communication are Consideration, Intention, Attention, Cause, Source-point, Distance, Effect, Receipt-point, Duplication, Understanding, the Velocity of the impulse or particle, Nothingness or Somethingness. A non-communication consists of Barriers. Barriers consist of Space, Interpositions (such as walls and screens of fast-moving particles), and Time. A communication by definition, does not need to be two-way. When a communication is returned, the formula is repeated, with the receipt-point now becoming a source-point and the former source-point now becoming a receipt-point.

L. RON HUBBARD Founder

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